CONTEND FOR THE FAITH (Jude 3-4)

- I. We are taught the manner in which we are to contend.
 - A. We are told to earnestly contend.
 - 1. This literally means to fight for something.
 - 2. Its root word is the word from which we get our English word, agonize.
 - 3. It carries the idea of striving for something with effort.
 - B. The secular Greek writers used this word to describe the effort given by athletes to win the Olympic games in the first century.
 - 1. Paul used this as an example to the Corinthians.
 - 2. 1 Corinthians 9:24-25.
 - C. Have you ever looked at the training regimen of an Olympic athlete?
 - 1. For instance, Michael Phelps trained for six hours a day, six days a week, even on holidays.
 - 2. He swims over eight miles a day and does body-specific weight work
 - 3. He also rides a stationary bike daily for cardiovascular strengthening.
 - D. This is just one example of what could be given.
 - 1. Those athletes give out tremendous effort to train for winning an Olympic medal.
 - 2. What they are doing is of no importance when compared to the work of contending for the faith.
 - E. Jude is describing for us the extreme effort that is to be given in defending the truth.
 - F. There is no way to give a half-hearted effort in the fight for truth.
 - 1. There is no middle ground in this.
 - 2. The Laodiceans were condemned because they were lukewarm (Revelation 3:14-16).
 - 3. Pergamos and Thyatira were chastised for allowing false teaching to go on among them (Revelation 2:12-15; 20).
 - G. As we do this, we must do it with the proper attitude.
 - 1. As we give great effort, we are not allowed to do so maliciously or unlovingly.
 - 2. There are those in our brotherhood who, in their zeal to contend for the faith, tear down more than they build up.
 - 3. As Barnes noted, that is contrary to the spirit of true religion.
 - 4. As militant as Paul was, he was never hateful or ugly.
 - 5. As harsh as Jesus could be, He was always loving.
 - H. Paul said he was not ashamed of the gospel and we must never be as well.
- II. We see the message for which we are to contend.
 - A. We are to earnestly contend for "the faith."
 - B. "The faith" stands for the system of faith about which we read in the New

Testament.

- 1. Barnes noted that this is the system of religion revealed in the gospel.
- 2. It is the gospel message of which Paul said he was not ashamed.
- C. Paul talked about his past to the Galatians and mentioned the faith (Galatians 1:23).
- D. There were priests in Jerusalem that were "obedient to the faith" (Acts 6:7).
- E. We contend for a lot of things don't we?
 - 1. If we are Alabama fans and it is attacked by an Auburn fan, we contend don't we?
 - 2. If we are a member of a political party and it is attacked by another, we contend don't we?
- F. The fact is, there is nothing for which we should stand and fight for more than the gospel.
 - 1. We stand on the shoulders of a group of Christians that shed much blood, sweat and tears.
 - 2. They stood for that which was right and we must as well.
 - 3. It is the truth of the gospel for which Jesus died to put into place.
 - 4. We must never be guilty of not defending it and allowing to be run down without saying a word.

III. We see the men with whom we are to contend.

- A. Jude said there were certain men "crept in unawares."
 - 1. These are false teachers.
 - 2. Men and women who teach doctrine contrary to the New Testament.
- B. In order to know who these people are, Jude writes several verses describing them (vs. 8-16).
- C. We can't allow false teachers to spread their message because souls are in the balance.
 - 1. This is why those churches in Asia were condemned by God.
 - 2. False doctrine causes people to be lost.
- D. Notice Paul's attitude toward the Judaistic teachers from Jerusalem (Galatians 2:4-5).
- E. We are not to have anything to do with people such as these (Romans 16:17-18).
- F. They aren't easy to spot either.
 - 1. 2 Corinthians 11:15.
 - 2. Jesus described them as wolves in sheep's clothing (Matthew 7:15).
 - 3. They aren't in uniform announcing who they are, but are sneaky and insidious.
- G. John tells us that we are not to support them in any way or we become part of their evil works and can suffer with them (2 John 9-11).

From an article by Wade Webster.